PATENT COOPERATION TREATY





(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applic	cant's o	r agent's file reference					
GHS/P503618WO International application No. PCT/GB 03/00939			FOR FURTHER ACTION See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)				
			International filing date (day 06.03.2003	Priority date (day/month/year) 06.03.2002			
B650	D39/0		r both national classification and	IPC			
Applic BAC		S WINE CLOSURES LI	MITED et al.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
1.	This in	nternational preliminary ex rity and is transmitted to t	kamination report has been po he applicant according to Arti	epared by this I	nternational Preliminary Examining		
2.	This F	REPORT consists of a total	al of 7 sheets, including this o	over sheet.			
	This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e. sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT).						
	These	annexes consist of a tota	l of 4 sheets.				
3.	This re	eport contains indications	relating to the following items	:			
		☑ Basis of the opinion	•				
	II Priority						
			of oninion with regard to novel	d to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability			
	_	Lack of unity of inver		ty, inventive step	p and industrial applicability		
	V 🗵 Reasoned statement under Rule 66.2(a) citations and explanations supporting su			gard to novelty, ent	inventive step or industrial applicability;		
,	VI Certain documents cited VII Certain defects in the internat		ited		*		
•			e international application	national application			
,	VIII (☑ Certain observations	on the international applicati	on			
Date o	f subm	ission of the demand	Da	e of completion of	f this report		
29.09	9.2003	3	07	.07.2004			
Name prelimi	Name and mailing address of the international preliminary examining authority:			horized Officer	gallenas Patentear.		
European Patent Office D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 523656 epmu d			656 epmu d	nosch, J	and the state of t		
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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/GB 03/00939

1.	Basi	s of	the	re	po	rt
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1. With regard to the **elements** of the international application (Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17)):

	De	scription, Pages		
	1-1	3	as orig	inally filed
	Cla	ims, Numbers		
	1-4	1	receive	ed on 11.06.2004 with letter of 08.06.2004
	Dra	wings, Sheets		
	1		as orig	inally filed
2.	Wit lan	h regard to the langu guage in which the in	ı age , all the eler ternational appli	ments marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the cation was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.
	The	ese elements were av	ailable or furnis	hed to this Authority in the following language: , which is:
		the language of a tra	anslation furnish	ed for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).
		the language of pub	lication of the in	ternational application (under Rule 48.3(b)).
		the language of a tra Rule 55.2 and/or 55.	anslation furnish .3).	ed for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under
3.	Witl inte	n regard to any nucle rnational preliminary	e otide and<i>l</i>or ar examination wa	nino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the scarried out on the basis of the sequence listing:
		contained in the inte	rnational applica	ation in written form.
		filed together with th	e international a	application in computer readable form.
		furnished subsequer	ntly to this Autho	ority in written form.
		furnished subseque	ntly to this Autho	prity in computer readable form.
		The statement that t in the international a	he subsequently pplication as file	furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure d has been furnished.
		The statement that t listing has been furn	he information reished.	ecorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence
4.	The	amendments have r	esulted in the ca	ncellation of:
		the description,	pages:	
	\boxtimes	the claims,	Nos.:	42,43
		the drawings,	sheets:	

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

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5.		This report has been establisheen considered to go beyon	shed as	s if (some of disclosure a	f) the amendments had not been made, since they have is filed (Rule 70.2(c)).
		(Any replacement sheet contreport.)	taining	such amend	dments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this
6.	Add	ditional observations, if necess	ary:		
IV	. Lac	ek of unity of invention			
In response to the invitation to restrict or pay additional fees, the				onal fees, the applicant has:	
		restricted the claims.			
		paid additional fees.			-
		paid additional fees under pro	otest.		
	\boxtimes	neither restricted nor paid add	ditiona	fees.	
2.		This Authority found that the Rule 68.1, not to invite the ap	require plicant	ment of unit	ty of invention is not complied with and chose, according to or pay additional fees.
3. This Authority considers that the requirement of unity of invention in accordance with Rules 13.1, 13.2 and 13 is				y of invention in accordance with Rules 13.1, 13.2 and 13.3	
		complied with.			
	\boxtimes	not complied with for the follo	wing re	easons:	
	see	separate sheet			
4.	4. Consequently, the following parts of the international application were the subject of international preliminary examination in establishing this report:				l application were the subject of international preliminary
		all parts.			
	×	the parts relating to claims No	s. 1-38	3.	•
٧.	Rea cita	soned statement under Artic tions and explanations supp	cle 35(orting	2) with rega such state	ard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;
1.	. Statement				
	Nov	elty (N)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-38
	Inve	entive step (IS)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-38
	Indu	strial applicability (IA)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-38
2.	Cita	tions and explanations			



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see separate sheet

VIII. Certain observations on the international application

The following observations on the clarity of the claims, description, and drawings or on the question whether the claims are fully supported by the description, are made:

see separate sheet



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Re Item IV Lack of unity of invention

- 1. The International Preliminary Examination Authority found separate inventions/groups of invention in this application. These inventions are:
 - I. Invention 1: Claims 1-38:

A stopper with a barrier layer comprising a reactive hot melt polyurethane adhesive.

II. Invention 2: Claim 39:

A method of applying a barrier layer to a stopper by forming a pre-polymer by combining an isocyanate solution with a polyol solution, applying it to the stopper and allowing the pre-polymer to cure.

III. Invention 3: Claims 40 and 41:

A method of applying a barrier layer to a stopper comprising applying reactive hot melt adhesive to one of a stopper and a partially formed barrier layer, allowing the hot melt adhesive to cool and contacting the stopper and the barrier layer such that bonding occurs.

They are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept (Rule 13.1 PCT) for the following reasons:

The only feature common to independent claims 1, 39 and 40 is a barrier layer applied to a stopper. This feature is known from the prior art, as disclosed by documents EP-A-1 270 703, WO-A-00/64647 or DE-A-39 40 461. The requisite unity of invention (Rule 13.1 PCT) therefore no longer exists inasmuch as a technical relationship involving one or more of the same or corresponding special technical features in the sense of Rule 13.2 PCT does not exist between the subject-matter of the above mentioned groups of claims. Further, since the inventions 1-3 address different technical problems (invention 1: the provision of a thin film with limited oxygen permeability; invention 2: the provision of a prepolymer; invention 3: Adhering a barrier layer) the inventions 1-3 cannot involve corresponding special technical features in the meaning of Rule 13.2 PCT and the inventions 1-3 lack unity in accordance with Rule 13.1 PCT.



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2. The applicant was invited to restrict his application to one of the inventions mentioned above or alternatively to pay two additional examination fees. In the absence of any response the Examination Authority examined the invention defined by present claims 1-38.

Re Item V

Reasoned statement with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Reference is made to the following documents:

D1: WO 00/64647 A (VINPAC INTERNAT PTY LTD ;MA ROSALIND (AU); WILKS TERRY (AU); BRITC) 2 November 2000 (2000-11-02) and

D2: DE 42 25 092 A (KESSLER REINHARD) 4 February 1993 (1993-02-04).

2.1 Document **D1**, which is considered to represent the most relevant state of the art for the subject-matter of claim 1, discloses (cf. page 2, last paragraph; page 9, lines 1-19) a stopper comprising a barrier layer which comprises polyurethane from which the subject-matter of claim 1 differs in that the polyurethane has the form of a reactive hot melt adhesive.

The subject-matter of claim 1 is therefore new (Article 33(2) PCT).

The problem to be solved by the present invention may be regarded as to avoid a further adhesive layer.

The solution to this problem proposed in claim 1 of the present application is considered as involving an inventive step (Article 33(3) PCT) since the cited prior art does not provide any hint to take a reactive hot melt polyurethane adhesive as barrier layer. Providing the polyurethane as reactive hot melt adhesive between two parts of the stopper has two advantages: it is not necessary to provide an additional adhesive and the barrier layer is protected between the two parts of the stopper.

2.2 Claims 2-27 are dependent on claim 1 and as such also meet the requirements of the PCT with respect to novelty and inventive step.

INTERNATIONAL PHELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY (SEPARATE SHEET)

2.3 Document **D2**, which is considered to represent the most relevant state of the art for the subject-matter of claim 28, discloses (cf. column 2, lines 19-51) a composite barrier layer from which the subject-matter of claim 28 differs in that the layer comprises a reactive polyurethane sub-layer.

The subject-matter of claim 28 is therefore new (Article 33(2) PCT).

The problem to be solved by the present invention may be regarded as to provide an alternative adhesive.

The solution to this problem proposed in claim 28 of the present application is considered as involving an inventive step (Article 33(3) PCT) since the prior art does not provide any hint to provide a reactive polyurethane sub-layer.

2.4 Claims 29-38 are dependent on claim 28 and as such also meet the requirements of the PCT with respect to novelty and inventive step.

Re Item VIII

Certain observations on the international application

1. Independent claims 1 and 28 are not in the two-part form in accordance with Rule 6.3(b) PCT, which in the present case would be appropriate, with those features known in combination from the prior art (document D1 or D2) being placed in the preamble (Rule 6.3(b)(I) PCT) and with the remaining features being included in the characterising part (Rule 6.3(b)(ii) PCT), as indicated in Item V 2.1 and 2.3 above.

CLAIMS



- 1. A stopper comprising a barrier layer which comprises a reactive hot melt polyurethane adhesive.
- 2. A stopper according to Claim 1 wherein the barrier layer has a permeability of less than about 200 cm³m⁻²day⁻¹.
- 3. A stopper according to Claim 1 wherein the barrier layer has a permeability of less than about 50 cm³ m⁻²day⁻¹.
- 4. A stopper according to Claim 1 wherein the barrier layer has a permeability of less than about 30 cm³m⁻²day⁻¹.
- 5. A stopper according to Claim 1 wherein the barrier layer has a permeability of $0 \text{ cm}^3\text{m}^{-2}\text{day}^{-1}$.
- 6. A stopper according to any one of Claims 1 to 5 wherein the barrier layer has a thickness of from about 0.05 to about 100 microns.
- 7. A stopper according to any one of Claims 1 to 5, wherein the barrier layer has a thickness of from about 0.075 to about 50 microns.
- 8. A stopper according to any one of Claims 1 to 5, wherein the barrier layer has a thickness of from about 0.1 to about 30 microns.
- 9. A stopper according to any one of Claims 1 to 8 wherein the polyurethane adhesive is an aliphatic polyurethane.
- 10. A stopper according to any one of Claims 1 to 9 wherein the barrier layer includes one or more additives.
- 11. A stopper according to Claim 10 wherein the or each additive is selected from metal oxides finely divided silicon, powdered PTFE and clays.

- 12. A stopper according to any one of Claims 1 to 11 wherein the stopper is cylindrical in shape and has two faces located at the ends of the cylinder.
- 13. A stopper according to any one of Claims 1 to 12 wherein the stopper is shaped to resemble a champagne cork and has a face located at the base of the stopper.
- 14. A stopper according to Claim 12 or 13 wherein the at least one face is rounded or bevelled.
- 15. A stopper according to Claim 12 or 14 wherein the barrier layer is located at either or both of the faces.
- 16. A stopper according to any one of Claims 12 to 14 wherein the barrier layer is located within the body of the stopper and substantially parallel to the or at least one of the faces of the stopper.
- 17. A stopper according to any one of Claims 1 to 16 wherein the barrier layer extends across the entire face or cross-section of the stopper such that a continuous barrier is provided.
- 18. A stopper according to any one of Claims 1 to 17 wherein the barrier layer extends across only a portion of the face or cross-section.
- 19. A stopper according to any one of Claims 1 to 18 wherein the barrier layer extends beyond the face or cross-section of the stopper to form a gasket.
- 20. A stopper according to any one of Claims 1 to 19 wherein the barrier layer is a composite layer comprising at least one hot melt polyurethane adhesive sublayer and at least one sub-layer having lower oxygen permeability than the hot melt adhesive.

- 21. A stopped cording to Claim 20 wherein a hot mer polyurethane adhesive sub-layer is located against the material of the stopper.
- 22. A stopper according to Claim 20 or 21 wherein the lower oxygen permeability, material is a metal foil or a vacuum deposited metal.
- 23. A stopper according to Claim 20 or 22 wherein the lower oxygen permeability material is an ethylene vinyl alcohol copolymer.
- 24. A stopper according to any one of Claims 1 to 22 wherein the stopper is a stopper for a bottle.
- 25. A stopper according to Claim 24 wherein the bottle is a wine bottle.
- 26. A stopper according to Claim 24 or 25 wherein the stopper is made of cork or plastics material.
- 27. A stopper according to any one of Claims 1 to 26 wherein the barrier will additionally provide a barrier to microbiological contaminants.
- 28. A composite barrier layer for use with a stopper comprising at least one reactive hot melt polyurethane adhesive sub-layer and at least one sub-layer having lower oxygen permeability than the or each hot melt adhesive sub-layer.
- 29. A barrier layer according to Claim 28 wherein the lower oxygen permeability material is a metal foil or a vacuum deposited metal.
- 30. A barrier layer according to Claim 28 wherein the lower oxygen permeability material is an ethylene vinyl alcohol copolymer.
- 31. A barrier layer according to any one of Claims 28 to 30 having a permeability of less than about 200 cm³ m⁻² day ⁻¹.

- 32. A barrier lager according to any one of Claims 28 to Shaving a permeability of less than about 50 cm³ m⁻² day ⁻¹.
- 33. A barrier layer according to any one of Claims 28 to 32 having a permeability of less than about 30 cm³ m⁻² day ⁻¹.
- 34. A barrier layer according to any one of Claims 28 to 32 having a permeability of 0 cm³ m⁻² day ⁻¹.
- 35. A barrier layer according to any one of Claims 28 to 34 having a thickness of from about 0.05 to about 100 microns.
- 36. A barrier layer according to any one of Claims 28 to 34 having a thickness of from about 0.075 to about 50 microns.
- 37. A barrier layer according to any one of Claims 28 to 34 having a thickness of from about 0.1 to about 30 microns.
- 38. A barrier layer according to any one of Claims 28 to 37 comprising in order: a sub-layer of a polyolefin, a sub-layer of an ethylene vinyl alcohol copolymer and a further sub-layer of a polyolefin.
- A method of applying a barrier layer comprising: forming a pre-polymer by combining an isocyanate solution with a polyol solution; applying the pre-polymer to a surface of the stopper; and allowing the pre-polymer to cure.
- A method of applying a barrier layer to a stopper comprising applying reactive hot melt adhesive to one of a stopper and a partially formed barrier layer; allowing the hot melt adhesive to cool; and contacting the stopper and the barrier layer such that bonding occurs.
- A method according to Claim 40 wherein the barrier layer having been applied to the stopper is held in tension and the stopper is pushed into a cup.

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